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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT			
9	FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA			
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11	JASON HARTMAN,	N	o. 2:20-cv-01492-I	OC-SCR
12	Plaintiff,			
13	V.	$\frac{O}{C}$	RDER GRANTING	<u>G DEFENDANT</u> E'S MOTION FOR A
14	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, et al.,	$\frac{\underline{\underline{C}}}{\underline{\underline{D}}}$		OF GOOD FAITH
15	Defendants.	_	Doc. No. 86)	
16			200.110.00)	
17	This matter is before the court on the motion for a determination of good faith settlement			
18	filed by Defendant County of Butte ("County") on February 27, 2025. (Doc. No. 86.)			
19	Specifically, at a private mediation with the Honorable Kendall J. Newman, Ret., on January 29,			
20	2025, Plaintiff agreed to settle all claims against the remaining defendants, Defendant United			
21	States and Defendant County, in this personal injury tort action. [Id. at 2.] Defendant County			
22	agreed to pay Plaintiff \$500,000.00, and Defendant United States tentatively agreed to pay			
23	Plaintiff \$3,590,000. (<i>Id.</i>) Because federal agency approval of the settlement as to Defendant			
24	United States is anticipated to take between four to six months, Defendant requests in the pending			
25	motion that the court determine that its settlement with Plaintiff is made in good faith. (Id.) On			
26	1 On October 31, 2024, the court issued on	order de	stermining that the s	ettlement agreement
27 28	On October 31, 2024, the court issued an order determining that the settlement agreement between Plaintiff and Defendant Clint Moffitt, in which Defendant Moffitt agreed to pay Plaintiff \$100,000.00, was made in good faith. (Doc. No. 81.)			
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March 13, 2025, Defendant United States filed a statement of non-opposition to Defendant County's pending motion. (Doc. No. 88.)

Pursuant to the terms of their settlement, Plaintiff agrees to release any and all claims brought against Defendant County and to dismiss all claims brought against Defendant County in this action. (Doc. No. 86-1 at 4.) In consideration, Defendant County agrees to pay Plaintiff \$500,000.00. (*Id.*) According to Defendant County, this "settlement represents an agreement that was reached through extensive arms-length mediation negotiations among the mediator, the parties, and their respective counsel." (*Id.*) Defendant County therefore seeks a court order determining that its settlement with Plaintiff was entered into in good faith in accordance with section 877.6 of the California Code of Civil Procedure and that all claims brought against it in this action be dismissed. (*Id.* at 9.)

Sections 877 and 877.6 of the California Code of Civil Procedure² provide that in a case with two or more joint tortfeasors, a tortfeasor may enter into a good faith settlement to discharge their liability in that case and bar future claims. *See Zahnleuter v. Lenhart*, No. 2:20-cv-02492-KJM-KJN, 2023 WL 2899255, at *1 (E.D. Cal. Mar. 6, 2023) ("Under California Code of Civil Procedure sections 877 and 877.6, a court may discharge a settling party from future liability in a case "in which it is alleged that two or more parties are joint tortfeasors.") (citing Cal. Civ. Proc. Code § 877.6(a)(1)). Specifically, "[a] determination by the court that the settlement was made in good faith shall bar any other joint tortfeasor or co-obligor from any further claims against the settling tortfeasor or co-obligor for equitable comparative contribution, or partial or comparative indemnity, based on comparative negligence or comparative fault." Cal. Civ. Proc. Code § 877.6(c).

For the purposes of this statute, a settlement is made in good faith if it is within a

of Civil Procedure section 877 constitutes substantive law." (*Id.*)

² The operative first amended complaint alleges that the court has supplemental jurisdiction over Plaintiff's sole claim brought against Defendant County for liability based on a dangerous condition of public property under Government Code § 835. (Doc. No. 48 at ¶¶ 2, 28–42.) "When a district court sits in diversity, or hears state law claims based on supplemental jurisdiction, the court applies state substantive law to the state law claims." *Mason & Dixon Intermodal, Inc. v. Lapmaster Int'l LLC*, 632 F.3d 1056, 1060 (9th Cir. 2011). In the Ninth Circuit, "California Code

"reasonable range" of the settling tortfeasor's proportionate share of liability to the plaintiff. *Tech-Bilt, Inc. v. Woodward-Clyde & Assocs.*, 38 Cal. 3d 488, 499 (1985). In *Tech-Bilt*, the California Supreme Court adopted the "reasonable range" test and outlined several factors that courts must consider when an application for a determination of a good faith settlement is contested. *Id.* at 492–502. However, when an application for a good faith settlement determination is not opposed, both California and federal district courts "have found consideration of [the *Tech-Bilt*] factors unnecessary." *Spitzer v. Aljoe*, No. 13-cv-05442-MEJ, 2015 WL 6828133, at *4 (N.D. Cal. Nov. 6, 2015) (collecting cases); *see also City of Grand Terrace v. Superior Ct.*, 192 Cal. App. 3d 1251, 1261 (1987).

As noted above, the only other remaining defendant in this case, Defendant United States, has notified the court that it does not oppose Defendant County's motion for a determination that its settlement with Plaintiff was made in good faith. Indeed, counsel for Defendant United States participated in the same private mediation and likewise settled with Plaintiff that same day. Thus, the court need not consider the *Tech-Bilt* factors. The court has nonetheless reviewed Defendant County's supporting memorandum as well as the declaration of his attorney Matthew W. Gross, and finds that Defendant County's settlement with Plaintiff was made in good faith. Therefore, the court will grant Defendant County's pending motion.

Accordingly:

- Defendant County of Butte's motion for a determination of a good faith settlement
 (Doc. No. 86) is GRANTED; and
- 2. The parties shall file dispositional documents as to Plaintiff's claims against

 Defendant County of Butte by no later than fourteen (14) days from the date of
 entry of this order.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: **April 10, 2025**

United States District Judge

Dena Coggins